CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of forming a blocking gel within a wellbore within a subterranean formation, the method comprising the steps of:
- forming a base fluid by blending an aqueous fluid and carboxymethyl guar; adding a crosslinking agent to the base fluid to form a crosslinkable gel; and pumping the crosslinkable gel into the subterranean formation.
- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein a gel breaker is further introduced to the crosslinkable gel.
 - 3. The method of Claim 2, wherein the gel breaker is introduced to the crosslinkable gel after the crosslinkable gel is pumped into the subterranean formation.
- 15 4. The method of Claim 2, wherein the blocking gel is contacted with the gel breaker subsequent to pumping of the crosslinkable gel into the subterranean formation.
 - 5. The method of Claim 1, wherein the crosslinking agent contains zirconium.

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- 6. The method of Claim 1, wherein the pH of the base fluid is between from about 4.0 to about 11.0.
- 7. The method of Claim 1, wherein the base fluid contains between from about 40 to about 120 pounds of carboxymethyl guar per 1000 gallons of aqueous fluid.
 - 8. The method of Claim 5, wherein the crosslinking agent is selected from the group consisting of zirconium lactate, zirconium glycolate and zirconium lactate triethanolamine.

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9. A method of forming a blocking gel within a wellbore, the method comprising the steps of:

forming an aqueous base fluid comprising between from about 40 to about 120 pounds of carboxymethyl guar per 1000 gallons of aqueous fluid;

adding to said aqueous base fluid a crosslinking agent to form a gelled crosslinkable fluid; and

pumping the gelled crosslinkable fluid into a subterranean formation adjacent the wellbore.

- 10. The method of Claim 9, wherein a gel breaker is further introduced to the gelled crosslinkable fluid.
 - 11. The method of Claim 10, wherein the gel breaker is an enzyme.
- 15 12. The method of Claim 11, wherein the gelled crosslinkable fluid is contacted with the enzyme breaker subsequent to placement of the gelled crosslinkable fluid into the subterranean formation.
- 13. The method of Claim 9, wherein the crosslinking agent contains 20 zirconium.
 - 14. The method of Claim 9, wherein the pH of the aqueous base fluid is between from about 4.0 to about 11.0.
- 25 15. A method of forming a blocking gel within a wellbore within a subterranean formation, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a crosslinkable gel comprising carboxymethyl guar and a crosslinking agent; and

pumping the crosslinkable gel into a subterranean formation adjacent the 30 wellbore.

- 16. The method of Claim 15, wherein the crosslinking agent contains zirconium.
- 5 17. The method of Claim 15, wherein the crosslinkable gel further comprises a gel breaker.
 - 18. A method of controlling fluid loss from an oil well during drilling, completion and/or workover operations which comprises:
- forming a gelled, aqueous base crosslinkable fluid comprising carboxymethyl guar and a crosslinking agent;

pumping the crosslinkable fluid into a subterranean formation; and forming a blocking gel within a wellbore within the subterranean formation.

- 15 19. The method of Claim 18, wherein the crosslinking agent contains zirconium.
- 20. The method of Claim 18, wherein the crosslinking agent is selected from the group consisting of zirconium lactate, zirconium glycolate and zirconium lactate triethanolamine.